

John TALBOT September / 2018



NTM Part 5 – Changed to cover Structural Health Monitoring (SHM) topics

A350 NTM Improvements, to be retrofitted

Rototest Improvement's (NTM 51-10-01).





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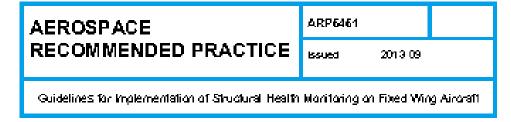


NTM Part 5 – Structural Health Monitoring (SHM)

Introduction to Airbus philosophy

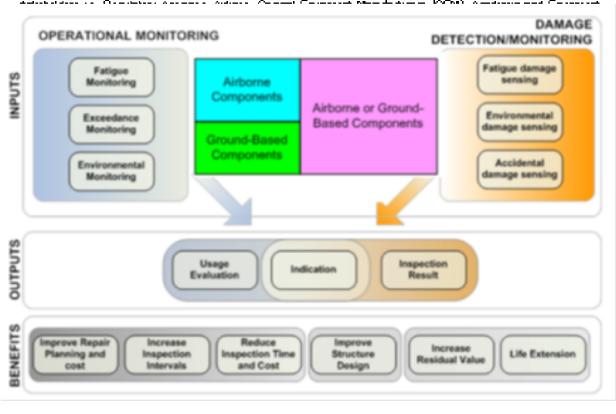
Content will be "Damage Monitoring" (Ref.: SAE ARP6461).





RATIONALE

The development of Structural Health Monitoring (SHM) technologies to achieve Vehicle Health Management objectives in aerospace applications is an activity that spans multiple engineering disoplines. It is also recognized that many





NTM Part 5 – Structural Health Monitoring (SHM)

General descriptions of the technologies

ChronoMEMS/HealthStick

(Already installed on our Flight Test aircraft, for load evaluation/exceedance monitoring)



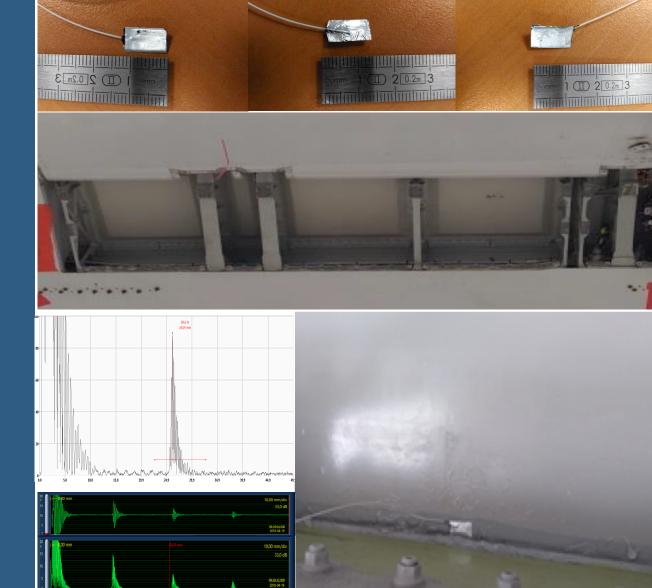


NTM Part 5 – Structural Health Monitoring (SHM)

General descriptions of the technologies

Stick-on UT and ET, sensors

(UT sensors already installed on FT a/c.)





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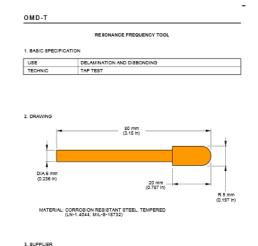


For the A350 ANDT, we introduced

Tooling code to ease operator selection of alternate tooling.

(This example is from A350 ANDT 51-90-01)

- (1) Tool Codes
 - The tooling codes consist of seven digits. The first three digits give the Method, General Type and the Technical breakdown. Digits four to seven are for technical parameters that depend on the first three digits.
 - First Digit (Method):
 - U Ultrasonic
 - E Eddy Current
 - O Other Methods
 - X Radiography
 - Second Digit (General Type):
 - I Instrument
 - P Probe
 - Third Digit (Technical) depends on the First Two Digits for Example:
 - D Delamination
 - T Thickness Measurement
 - C Crack Detection



AIRBUS SPARES SUPPORT AND SERVICES

PART NUMBER

SUPPLIER NAME



PART NUMBER



For the A350 ANDT, we introduced

Harmonised UT & ET requirements (to improve interchangeability reduce instrument references)

Instrument Adjustment

- (1) Calibrate the ULTRASONIC EQUIPMENT (USK7S) in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- Select 250 mm (9.843 in) test range.
- Using CALIBRATION BLOCK (V2(K2)) as illustrated in FIGURE 53-30-01-991-003, couple the SEARCH UNIT (SMWB70-6) as shown in Detail A.
- Adjust the search unit position to get the maximum reference signal on the instrument screen.
- Adjust the instrument sweep and range controls to position the first and second backwall echoes (BEs) at 1.0 and 4.0 on the instrument screen time base, as illust B. Instrument Adjustment
- Select 50 mm
- Set the frequency to 5 MHz.
- Position the fi base, as illust
- Set the delay to zero. Set the range to 100 mm (3.937 in).
- Reverse the d 991-003, Deta
- Set the velocity to 3.1 mm/µs.
- Optimize the
- Connect the SEARCH UNIT (0508941 (WK45-5S)) to the instrument.
- screen time b
- Use the appropriate step as per Table nº 3.

NOT

<u>rE:</u> The t repre	Item	Inspectio Area
	1	MLI attachr holes near pump aper
	2	Water drair attachment holes at fue pump
	3	Fuel pump attachment

Skin Reference Block Instrument Adjustment (1) Operate the equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions Time-Base Calibration (See FIGURE 55-30-00-991-005). (a) Select 15 mm (0.59 in) test range. (b) Position the echo from the delay line at 0 scale division (SD) on the display screen time-base, and adjust the amplitude to 80% full screen height (FSH).

Calibration for Iten

(a) Couple the S

BLOCK (99F

Couple the SEARCH UNIT (MSWQC242-591) on the 1 mm (0.039 in) thick plate of CALIBRATION BLOCK SET (99D51407291001)

Nominal

Nominal

it to 0.66 SD on the display screen time-base, as shown in Position A. Couple the SEARCH UNIT (MSWQC242-591)on the 9 mm (0.354 in) thick plate of CALIBRATION BLOCK SET (99D51407291001) (multidirectional fabric), adjust the back-wall echo to 80% FSH and

(multidirectional fabric), adjust the amplitude to 80% FSH and position

Confirm time-base linearity with 5 mm (0.195 in) thick calibration

position it to 6 SD, as shown in Position B.

NOTE: The sensitivity adjustment is done at the inspection area on the vertical stabilizer (See SUBTASK 273-001).

(3) Adjustment and Evaluation Curves (See FIGURE 55-30-00-991-006).

NOTE: Electronic DAC should not be used.

(a) Adjustment Curve and Evaluation Curve

NOTE: Draw the curves on a transparent self-adhesive foil placed on the face of the instrument screen.

Draw the adjustment curve and the evaluation curve as shown in



For the A350 ANDT, we introduced

Included 2D compact PAUT systems (for damage assessment)





(This example is from A350 ANDT 51-54-45)



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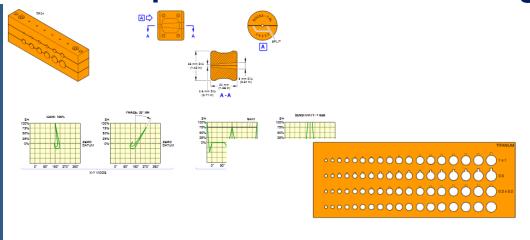
Rototest Improvement's (NTM 51-10-01)

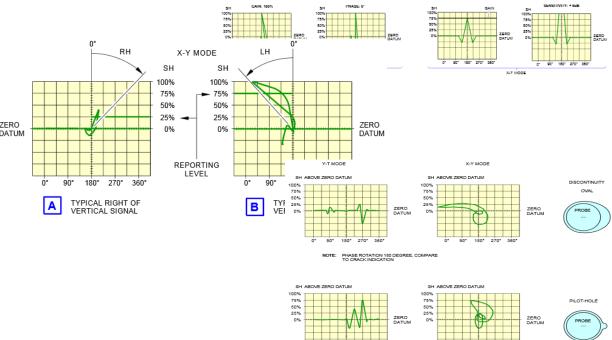


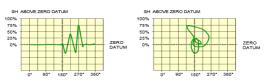
Rototest NTM 51-10-01

Existing procedure to be revised to provide clearer examples (photo's) of possible indications

New procedure for after repair/re-work





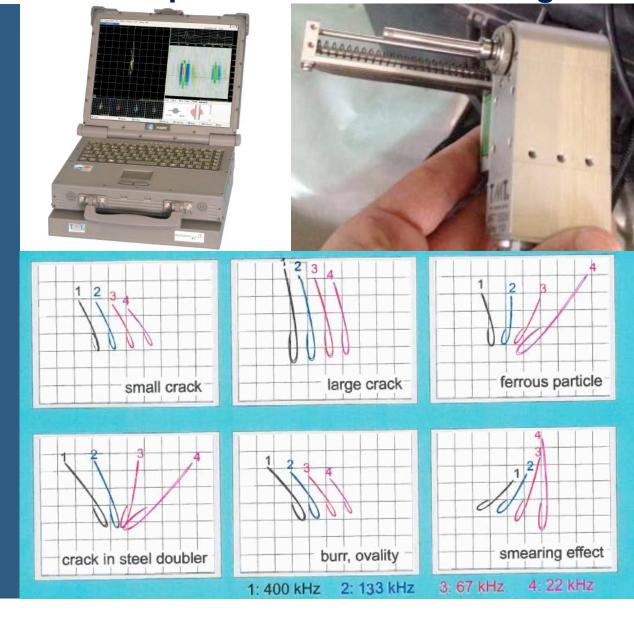




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Rototest NTM 51-10-01:

Multi-frequency rototest.

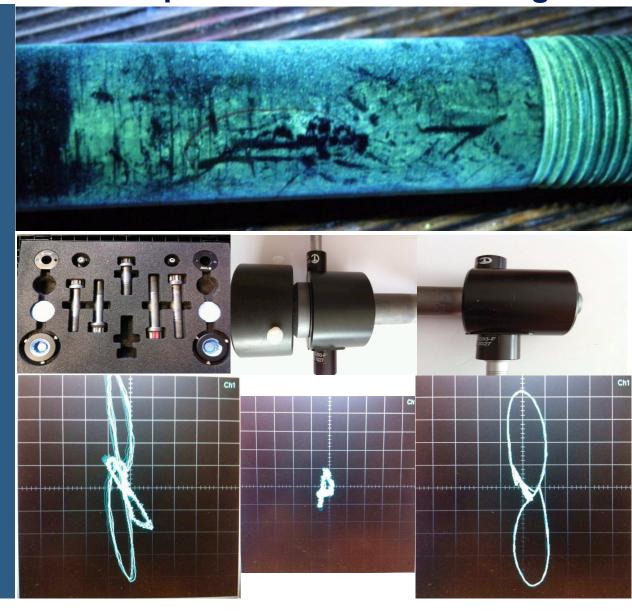




Rototest NTM 51-10-01:

"Reverse Rototest" to replace FPI

A320 54-53-90 & A380 54-51-12 (TFU 71.00.00.056_17)





CONCLUSION!

A step ahead to new technologies

Airbus is continuously looking for innovation and improvement in NDT technics and tooling to always support our customers in Aircraft Maintenance activity.

Your feedback remains key for our progress.

Airbus customer support remains at your disposal for:

Daily Technical Request On-site assistance

Engineering Workshops



Thank you